- 1 SB539
- 2 110368-1
- 3 By Senator Marsh
- 4 RFD: Governmental Affairs
- 5 First Read: 31-MAR-09

1	110368-1:n:03/31/2009:JMH*/th LRS2009-2105	
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8	SYNOPSIS:	This bill would authorize the incorporation
9		of development authorities for the purpose of
10		developing real and personal property of closed
11		federal military installations in Alabama.
12		This bill would provide for the filing of
13		articles of incorporation to establish an
14		authority. This bill would also provide for the
15		filing of amended articles of incorporation of an
16		authority.
17		This bill would provide for an authority's
18		membership, powers, and duties. This bill would
19		make legislative findings regarding the development
20		of property of a closed federal military
21		installation.
22		This bill would provide for the operational
23		area of an authority formed in accordance with this
24		act. This bill would provide for a board of
25		directors appointed by the Governor, the governing
26		body of the county of incorporation, and the
27		governing bodies of each municipality whose

corporate limits lie in whole or in part within the operational area of the public corporation to manage the affairs and property of an authority.

This bill would authorize an authority to develop, sell, lease, convey, and otherwise dispose of property in the possession of the authority.

This bill would authorize an authority to perform and contract for environmental remediation.

This bill would authorize an authority to issue bonds.

This bill would limit the liability of an authority, its officers, employees, and agents from liability for certain acts.

This bill would exempt certain sales of property, that formerly comprised a military installation or part of a military installation, from state public lands sales requirements.

This bill would provide that the authority, by resolution legally adopted to conform to rules prescribed by the Board of Control of the State of Alabama Employees' Retirement System, may elect to have its officers and employees become eligible to participate in the State of Alabama Employees' Retirement System.

This bill would create an oversight committee over an authority composed of all members of the legislative delegation from the county of

1	incorporation, as well as the members of the
2	governing bodies of any municipality whose
3	corporate limits lie in whole or in part within the
4	operational area of the authority.
5	This bill would exempt an authority from
6	certain laws related to usury and interest rates.
7	This bill would provide an exemption from
8	certain taxes to an authority.
9	This bill would provide that an authority is
10	subject to the state's competitive bid and public
11	works bid laws, and that an authority's board
12	members and employees shall comply with the Alabama
13	ethics laws.
14	This bill would provide that an authority is
15	subject to the state open meetings and public
16	records requirements and would require an annual
17	audit of the authority by a CPA.
18	This bill would provide for the dissolution
19	of an authority and disbursement of its assets upon
20	dissolution.
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22	A BILL
23	TO BE ENTITLED
24	AN ACT
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26	To authorize the incorporation of development
27	authorities for the purpose of developing real and personal

1 property of closed federal military installations in Alabama; 2 to define certain terms; to make legislative findings; to provide for the procedure for incorporating an authority; to 3 4 provide for the filing of articles of incorporation and amended articles of incorporation of an authority; to provide 5 for the qualifications, appointments, and terms of the board 6 7 of an authority; to provide for the purposes, powers, and duties of an authority; to provide for the operational area of 8 an authority; to authorize an authority to issue bonds; to 9 10 limit the liability of an authority and provide immunity to the board and employees of an authority for certain acts; to 11 12 provide that an authority is subject to the state's 13 competitive bid and public works bid laws, and that an 14 authority's board members and employees shall comply with the Alabama ethics laws; to provide that an authority, by 15 resolution legally adopted to conform to rules prescribed by 16 17 the Board of Control of the State of Alabama Employees' Retirement System, may elect to have its officers and 18 employees become eligible to participate in the State of 19 Alabama Employees' Retirement System; to provide for an 20 21 oversight committee of an authority; to exempt an authority 22 from certain taxes and from usury and interest laws; to 23 provide for an exemption from certain public lands sales requirements; to provide that an authority is subject to the 24 25 state open meetings and public records laws; and to provide 26 for the dissolution of an authority and disbursement of its 27 assets upon dissolution.

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

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- 2 Section 1. When used in this act, the following
- 3 words and terms shall have the following meanings,
- 4 respectively, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 5 (1) ARTICLES. The articles of incorporation of an 6 authority.
- 7 (2) AUTHORITY. A public corporation incorporated 8 pursuant to the provisions of this act.
 - (3) BOARD. The board of directors of an authority.
- 10 (4) BOND or BONDS. A bond or bonds issued under the provisions of this act.
- 12 (5) COUNTY OF INCORPORATION. The county in which an authority has been or is proposed to be incorporated.
- 14 (6) DIRECTORS. The members of the board of 15 directors.
 - (7) INCORPORATORS. The natural persons filing a written application for the incorporation of an authority pursuant to this act.
 - (8) MILITARY INSTALLATION. A federal military fort, base, camp, post, station, yard, depot, arsenal, armory, or installation.
 - (9) OPERATIONAL AREA. The parcels of realty within a county, previously conveyed to the United States of America, which formerly comprised a military installation, and all property in adjacent areas of close proximity to the military installation within the corporate limits of any municipality whose corporate limits lie in whole or in part within the

operational area of the authority that is necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes of the authority.

- 3 (10) PERSON. Unless limited to a natural person by 4 the context in which it is used, any person, including, 5 without limitation, a private firm, a private association, a 6 corporation, and a public person.
 - (11) JUDGE OF PROBATE. The judge of probate of the county of incorporation of an authority.
 - (12) PROJECT. Any land and any buildings or other improvements thereon, and all real, personal, and mixed properties, within the operational area of an authority, deemed by an authority to be necessary or appropriate in connection therewith, whether or not now in existence, and which shall be suitable for the promotion of the purposes of the authority.
 - (13) PUBLIC PERSON. The state and any county, city, town, public corporation, agency, subdivision thereof, instrumentality thereof, or similar person.
 - authority, which include acquiring, holding, improving, installing, constructing, owning, leasing, developing, performing environmental restoration and remediation, selling and otherwise disposing of the real and personal property within its operational area for any use, subject to governmental land use restrictions or authority. Permissible uses of the property shall include, without limitation, industrial, commercial, business, office, parking,

educational, cultural, artistic, retail, research and
development, recreational, and residential uses and may
include the construction of homes, apartments, town houses,
condominiums, hotels, and motels, and other structures, which
the authority deems appropriate for promoting industry, trade,
and economic development within the operational area and the
State of Alabama.

(15) STATE. The State of Alabama.

Section 2. The Legislature makes the following findings:

- (1) That the economic development of property comprising a former military installation is of vital importance to the life, health, and welfare of the citizens of local cities and counties affected by the base closure and the State of Alabama.
- (2) That it is desirable to allow for the establishment of local reuse authorities capable of managing and promoting the reuse and economic development of military installations after the closure of the military installations.
- (3) That an Alabama court has ruled that a city and county lack legislative authority to join in any entity for the purposes provided for in this act. The Legislature finds that the purpose of this act is to provide such authority.
- (4) That in consideration of the critical need for valid and fully authorized public entities, with community involvement and notice, to develop closed military installations, and perform environmental restoration and

1 remediation activities under existing and future agreements, 2 contracts, and orders, and the need for a local reuse authority or successor to any entity or group previously 3 4 acting as a local reuse authority at a closed military installation, the Legislature has authorized the creation of 6 public corporations empowered to assist counties and cities to 7 develop former military installations for the purpose of promoting industry, trade, and economic development. 8

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(5) That the Legislature intends that this act be liberally construed to promote the purposes of an authority.

Section 3. Any number of natural persons, not less than three, each residing in the county of incorporation or a municipality whose corporate limits lie in whole or in part within the operational area of the proposed authority, may incorporate an authority as provided in this act. To do so, the incorporators shall first file a written application in accordance with Section 4.

Section 4. (a) The written application of the incorporators shall be filed with the judge of probate, which application shall:

- (1) Contain a statement that the incorporators propose to incorporate an authority pursuant to the provisions of this act;
- (2) State the operational area of the proposed authority;
- (3) State that each of the incorporators is a resident of the county of incorporation or a municipality

whose corporate limits lie in whole or in part within the operational area of the proposed authority;

- (4) Request that the governing body of the county of incorporation adopt a resolution declaring that it is expedient that the proposed authority be formed, approving the written application, and authorizing the incorporators to proceed to form the proposed authority by filing for record articles in accordance with the provisions of this act; and
- (5) Request that the governing body of each municipality whose corporate limits lie in whole or in part within the operational area of the proposed authority adopt a resolution declaring that it is expedient that the proposed authority be formed, approving the written application, and authorizing the incorporators to proceed to form the proposed authority by filing for record articles in accordance with the provisions of this act.
- (b) Such application shall be accompanied by the form of articles of incorporation of the proposed authority.
- (c) As promptly as may be practicable after the filing of the application with the judge of probate, the governing body of the county of incorporation and each municipality whose corporate limits lie in whole or in part within the operational area of the proposed authority shall review the contents of the application and the accompanying form of articles and shall adopt a resolution either:
 - (1) Denying the application, or

(2) Declaring that it is expedient that the proposed authority be formed, approving the form of its articles, and authorizing the incorporators to proceed to form the proposed authority by filing for record articles in accordance with this act.

- (d) It shall not be necessary that any such resolution be published in any newspaper or posted or be offered for more than one reading.
- (e) The failure of the governing body of the county of incorporation or any municipality whose corporate limits lie in whole or in part within the operational area of a proposed authority to approve the written application of the incorporators shall invalidate the application to incorporate an authority, and the resolution denying the application of the incorporators shall be filed with the judge of probate of the county where the application of the incorporators was filed.
- Section 5. (a) The articles of incorporation of an authority shall state all of the following:
- (1) The names of the incorporators of the authority and that each of them is a resident of the county of incorporation or a municipality whose corporate limits lie in whole or in part within the operational area of the authority.
- (2) The name of the authority, which may be a name indicating in a general way the name of the former military installation or a geographically descriptive word or words, and shall include the words "Development Authority" (e.g.,

"The _____ Development Authority" or "The Development

Authority of _____," the blank space to be filled in with a

name indicating in a general way the name of the former

military installation or geographically descriptive word or

words, but the descriptive word or words shall not preclude

the authority from exercising its powers in its operational

area).

- (3) A designation of the operational area of the authority, including the name or names of each municipality whose corporate limits include the operational area of the authority.
- (4) The period of the authority, which may be perpetual.
- (5) The location of the principal office of the authority, which shall be within the boundaries of the operational area of the authority.
- (6) That the authority is organized pursuant to this act.
- (7) If the exercise by the authority of any of its powers hereunder is to be in any way prohibited, limited, or conditioned, a statement of the terms of the prohibition, limitation, or condition.
- (8) The number of initial directors appointed in accordance with this act and the duration of their respective terms of office.
- (9) A plan of distribution of all remaining assets, properties, debts, and obligations of the authority upon

- dissolution of the authority and any provisions not
- 2 inconsistent with this act relating to the dissolution of the
- 3 authority.
- 4 (10) Any other matters relating to the authority
 5 that the incorporators may choose to insert and that are not
 6 inconsistent with this act or with the laws of the State of
- 7 Alabama.

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- 8 (b) The articles shall be signed by each of the9 incorporators.
 - Section 6. (a) The articles shall be filed with the judge of probate. The acceptance of such articles for filing by the judge of probate shall be conclusive of the due, legal and valid incorporation of the authority.
- (b) There shall be no fees or taxes paid to or

 collected by the judge of probate for any service rendered or

 work performed in connection with an authority, its

 incorporation, amendment, dissolution, or records.
 - Section 7. (a) The authority shall operate under the direction of a board of directors which shall consist of voting members selected as follows:
 - (1) One member appointed by the Governor.
 - (2) Five members appointed by the governing body of each municipality whose corporate limits lie in whole or in part within the operational area of the authority.
 - (3) Five members appointed by the governing body of the county of incorporation.

(b) A vacancy occurring on the board for any reason shall be filled within 30 days of the vacancy by the appointing authority making the initial appointment. If the appointing authority that made the initial appointment does not fill the vacancy within 30 days, the remaining appointing authorities shall make the appointment.

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- (c) Initial appointments to the board shall be made within 30 days following the effective date of the incorporation. The Governor's initial appointee shall serve a three-year term. Each governing body of a municipality shall designate two of its initial appointees to serve three-year terms, two of its initial appointees to serve two-year terms, and one initial appointee to serve a one-year term. The governing body of the county of incorporation shall designate two of its initial appointees to serve three-year terms, two initial appointees to serve two-year terms, and one initial appointee to serve a one-year term. Thereafter, each successor board member shall serve a term of three years. Each board member shall serve until a successor is appointed, qualified, and assumes office, or until the board member ceases to serve as a director pursuant to subsection (h). All successor appointments shall be made by the appointing authority entitled to make the initial appointment. A board member may be reappointed at the end of his or her term.
- (d) Each director shall fulfill all of the following requirements:

- 1 (1) Reside within the county of incorporation or
 2 within the corporate limits of any municipality whose
 3 corporate limits lie in whole or in part within the county of
 4 incorporation.
 - (2) Not hold any elective office.

- (3) Be a duly qualified elector of the county of incorporation or the municipality in which he or she resides.
- shall be held within 14 days following the initial appointment of all of the directors. At the organizational meeting, the board shall elect officers from among its members, including a chair, vice chair, treasurer, secretary, and such other officers as the board deems necessary or desirable. The board may prescribe in its bylaws the terms, powers, and duties of the officers. At the initial meeting the board shall determine its meeting schedule. Board members shall serve without compensation and shall be entitled to expense reimbursement only upon prior approval of a majority of the board. The board may approve reimbursement only of the actual, reasonable, and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of duties.
- (f) A majority of the members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The members may act only upon a majority vote of the members making up the quorum. If a quorum is present when a meeting is convened and the subsequent withdrawal of members during the meeting leaves less than a quorum, the remaining members present may not take action except to continue the meeting for

the purpose of engaging in debate and discussion and to
adjourn the meeting by a vote of the majority of the remaining
members present.

- (g) The board or any committee thereof may meet by telephone conference or other electronic means to the extent allowed by law and the bylaws of the authority.
- (h) A member of the board shall cease to be a member immediately upon the occurrence of any of the following:
- (1) If, for any reason, other than an illness which is documented in writing to the authority by a physician, the board member is absent for more than 25 percent of the scheduled board meetings in any consecutive 12-month period. The board member shall cease to be a member on the last day of the month following the month in which he or she missed more than 25 percent of the scheduled board meetings, except for illness as described above.
- (2) The board member is found guilty by a court of competent jurisdiction of willful or wanton misconduct or fraud in connection with the discharge of his or her duties, intentional civil or criminal fraud, or the board member is convicted of a felony.
- (3) The board member ceases to reside within the county of incorporation or within the corporate limits of any municipality whose corporate limits lie in whole or in part within the county of incorporation.
- (4) The board member is elected to any public office.

1 (5) The board member ceases to be a qualified 2 elector of the county of incorporation or the municipality in 3 which he or she resides on the date of the appointment.

(i) Any vacancy on the board occurring pursuant to subsection (h) of this section shall be filled as provided in subsection (b).

Section 8. (a) The articles of an authority may at any time and from time to time be amended in the manner provided in this section. The board of directors shall first adopt a resolution proposing an amendment to the articles, which amendment shall be set forth in full in the resolution and which may include any matters that might have been included in the original articles.

(b) After the adoption by the board of directors of a resolution proposing an amendment to the articles, the chair and the secretary of the authority shall sign and file with the governing bodies of the county of incorporation, and each municipality whose corporate limits include in whole or in part within the operational area of the authority, a written application in the name and on behalf of the authority, under its seal, requesting that such governing body or bodies adopt a resolution approving the proposed amendment, and accompanied by a copy of the resolution adopted by the board of directors proposing the amendment to the articles. As promptly as may be practicable after the filing of the application, the governing body or bodies shall review the application and shall adopt a resolution either denying the application or approving and

authorizing the proposed amendment. Such resolution need not be published or posted and need not be offered for more than one reading.

- (c) Following the adoption of a resolution approving the proposed amendment by the governing body or bodies with which an application was filed pursuant to this section, the chair and the secretary of the authority shall sign and file for record in the office of the judge of probate of the county of incorporation a certificate in the name and on behalf of the authority, under its seal, reciting the adoption of resolutions by the board and by the governing body or bodies setting forth the proposed amendment. The judge of probate shall thereupon record the certificate in an appropriate book in his or her office. When the certificate has been so filed and recorded, the amendment shall become effective, and the articles shall thereupon be amended to the extent provided in the amendment.
- (d) The failure of the governing body of the county of incorporation or any municipality whose corporate limits lie in whole or in part within the operational area of the authority receiving an application filed pursuant to this section to approve an application made pursuant to this section shall invalidate such application.

Section 9. All board members, officers, and employees of an authority shall be subject to and comply with the ethics laws of the State of Alabama. The board may adopt additional, more stringent, ethics policies and procedures for

defining and addressing possible and actual conflicts of
interest among the organization and its board members,
officers, and employees with respect to transactions in which
an authority is or may be interested.

Section 10. An authority shall have the following powers and duties together with all powers and duties incidental thereto or necessary to the discharge thereof:

- (1) To sue or be sued and to prosecute and defend in any court of competent jurisdiction.
- (2) To adopt and to use a corporate seal and to alter the seal at pleasure.
- (3) To adopt and alter bylaws for the regulation and conduct of its affairs and business.
- (4) With respect to property within the operational area of the authority, to acquire, receive, and take title to by purchase, gift, lease, devise, or otherwise, to hold, keep, improve, maintain, and impose restrictive covenants and land use controls, to engage in environmental remediation and restoration efforts as required under applicable agreements with the U.S. Department of Defense, to equip, furnish, develop, and to transfer, convey, donate, sell, lease, grant options to, assign, encumber with easements and mortgages and other security agreements, or otherwise convey or dispose of property of every kind and character, real, personal, mixed, tangible, and intangible, and any interest therein, to any person, with the authority receiving adequate consideration, as solely determined by the authority upon the authority's

1 consideration of tangible and intangible factors in
2 determining if adequate consideration is to be received by the
3 authority.

- (5) To make, enter into, and execute such contracts, agreements, cooperative agreements, leases, loan agreements, orders, mortgages, deeds, and other legal arrangements and to take such actions as may be necessary or convenient in the furtherance of any purpose of the authority or in the exercise of any power granted to it. Neither the county of incorporation nor any municipality whose corporate limits lie in whole or in part within the operational area of the authority, nor any member of the governing body of or any officer of the county of incorporation or such municipalities, shall be liable for the repayment of any indebtedness of the authority incurred pursuant to this subdivision.
 - (6) To borrow money for any authority purpose, function, or use and to issue in evidence of the borrowing, bonds, notes, warrants, or other debt obligations, hereinafter referred to in this act as bonds, including, without limitation, refunding bonds.
 - (7) To pledge for the payment of any bonds issued or obligations assumed by the authority any revenues from which those bonds or obligations are made payable and to execute and deliver security for the bonds and obligations, mortgages, deeds of trust, trust indentures, and pledge indentures as provided for by law.

1 (8) To provide for such insurance as the authority 2 may deem advisable.

- (9) To invest any of its funds deemed by the authority not to be needed presently in the operation of its properties and undertakings in bonds, bills, notes, or other obligations of the United States of America or any agency thereof, bonds of the state, bonds of any county or municipality within the state, interest-bearing deposits in banks and savings and loan institutions, any obligations in which a state chartered savings and loan association may invest its funds, any agreement to repurchase any of the foregoing, or any combination thereof.
 - (10) To contract, cooperate, or both, with the United States of America or any agency or instrumentality thereof, or any state and any agency, instrumentality, or political subdivision thereof, or any other authority or authorities.
 - (11) To accept gifts, grants, bequests, or devises of money and tangible and intangible property consistent with the purposes and powers of the authority.
 - (12) To convey property for public purposes including, but not limited to, recreational, artistic, and cultural endeavors, with or without consideration, to the State of Alabama and its agencies and instrumentalities, the United States of America and its agencies and instrumentalities, the county of incorporation, municipalities whose corporate limits lie in whole or in part within the

operational area, or other public corporations, or their successors, and to dedicate roadways, parks, easements, and other public facilities.

- (13) To apply for and accept from any federal, state, county, or municipal government or agency or any other public or private source, loans, grants, guarantees, or other financial assistance in furtherance of the authority's purposes under such conditions as may be provided by the source.
 - (14) To enter into agreements with the federal government or any agency thereof to use its facilities or its services in order to carry out the public purposes of the authority.
 - (15) To contract with the State of Alabama, its agencies or institutions, or any county or local government for the use by the authority of any facilities or services or to contract or to provide any facilities or services to the state, its agencies or institutions, or any county or local government entity.
 - (16) To extend credit or make loans to any person, corporation, partnership, or other entity for all or part of the costs of any project which substantially advances or enhances the development and reuse of the former military installation property. The credit or loans extended may be secured by a loan agreement, note, mortgage, deed to secure debt, trust deed, security agreement, assignment, or other instrument, or by a rental, or by revenues, fees, or charges,

1 upon such terms and conditions as the authority shall 2 determine to be reasonable. The agreement may include a provision for the establishment and maintenance of reserve 3 4 funds. In the exercise of powers granted herein, the authority may include in any such loan agreement, note, mortgage, deed 5 6 to secure debt, trust deed, security agreement, assignment, or 7 other instrument requirements for guaranty of any obligations, insurance, construction, use, operation, maintenance, and 8 financing of the project, and such other terms and conditions 10 as the authority may deem necessary or desirable.

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- (17) To appoint, employ, contract with, and compensate such employees, agents, engineers, auditors, attorneys, underwriters, issuers of letters of credit, depositories, banks, trustees, remarketing agents, rating agencies, insurers, and quarantors of its debt obligations, providers of other forms of credit enhancement for its debt obligations, contractors, consultants, and fiscal advisors, as the board shall deem necessary for the conduct of the business of the authority.
- (18) To make or contract for long-range plans or proposals for economic development or environmental restoration.
 - (19) To make surveys and other economic analyses.
- (20) To plan, undertake, and complete environmental restoration and to engage in environmental remediation of property.
 - (21) To grant and receive indemnities.

payment of fees in lieu of ad valorem taxes designated for
educational and other purposes to be levied by the county of
incorporation and municipalities whose corporate limits lie in
whole or in part within the operational area, for distribution
to such public persons, respectively, as if these payments are
ad valorem taxes.

- (23) To exercise any power granted by the laws of this state to a public or private corporation which is not in conflict with the purposes of the authority.
- (24) To do all things necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes and powers conferred by this act.

Section 11. An authority shall hire an independent certified public accounting firm to examine its books and records and render a written audit report annually.

Section 12. (a) Bonds of an authority shall be signed by the chair or vice chair and attested to by the secretary or assistant secretary. The seal of an authority shall be affixed thereto. A facsimile of the signature of the officers may be printed or otherwise reproduced on any such bonds in lieu of being manually subscribed thereon, and a facsimile of the seal of an authority may be printed or otherwise produced on any such bonds in lieu of being manually affixed thereto, provided that the bonds have been manually authenticated by a transfer agent of the bonds issued.

Delivery of the bonds so executed shall be valid

notwithstanding any subsequent changes in officers or in the seal of an authority.

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- (b) Bonds may be executed and delivered by an authority at any time. The bonds shall be in such form and denominations and of such tenor and maturities, shall bear such rate or rates of interest or no interest, shall be payable at such times, and shall be payable and secured by such revenues, funds, assets, pledges, agreements, or other property, and evidenced in such manner, and may contain such other provisions not inconsistent with this act as may be provided by resolution of the board. The bonds may bear interest at a fixed or variable rate. An authority may issue tender bonds or similar bonds and enter into appropriate remarketing agreements with respect to any of its bonds and the determination of the rate of interest borne by the bonds. The bonds of an authority may be sold at either public or private sale in the manner, at the price, and at the time as determined by the board to be most advantageous.
- (c) The proceeds from the sale of any bonds shall be applied as provided in the proceedings of an authority or agreement authorizing the bonds to be issued, including, without limitation, the payment of all legal, fiscal, recording, and other fees and expenses incurred in connection with the authorization, sale, and issuance of the bonds and, if provided in the proceedings or agreement, interest on the bonds. An authority may provide for the funding of a debt service reserve, a replacement and reserve, or both, and for

letters of credit, bond insurance, guaranties, and other forms
of credit enhancement from the proceeds of its bonds or from
other funds.

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- (d) The bonds shall be legal investments for funds of the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama, the Employees' Retirement System of Alabama, and the State Insurance Fund.
- (e) Public persons other than members of an authority or its appointing bodies may invest in any bond issued by the authority.
- (f) Upon the adoption by the board of any resolution providing for the issuance of bonds, the board shall cause to be published once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation published in the county of incorporation a notice in substantially the following form at the end of which shall be printed the name and title of the chair, vice chair, secretary, or assistant secretary of the authority: "_____ Development Authority, a public corporation under the laws of the State of Alabama, on the _____ day of ____, authorized the issuance of not more than \$ principal amount of [insert the appropriate designation describing the bonds, notes, warrants, or other debt obligations] of the authority for purposes authorized in the act of the Legislature of Alabama under which the authority was organized. Any action or proceeding questioning the validity of the bonds, any pledge or mortgage to secure the same, any lease or sale of any project to be financed by the bonds, or the proceedings authorizing the same must be

commenced within 20 days after the first publication of this notice." Any action in any court to set aside or question the issuance of the bonds notice, or to contest the validity of the bonds or of any pledge or mortgage made therefor or of any lease or sale of any project to be financed by the bonds must be commenced within 20 days after the first publication of the notice. After the expiration of the 20 days, no cause of action, counterclaim, setoff, or defense questioning the validity of the bonds, or of the pledge, mortgage, lease, or sale of the project to be financed by the bonds shall be asserted, nor shall the validity of the bonds, or of the pledge, mortgage, lease, or sale of the project to be financed by the bonds be open to question in any court on any ground whatsoever except in an action that was commenced within the 20-day period.

Section 13. Neither the county of incorporation nor any municipality whose corporate limits lie in whole or in part within the operational area of the authority, nor any member or officer of the county of incorporation or any such municipality, shall be liable for the payment of any indebtedness of the authority or for the performance of any pledge, mortgage, obligation, bond, or agreement of any kind whatsoever which may be undertaken by the authority. No indebtedness of an authority, pursuant to any of its agreements or obligations shall be construed to constitute an indebtedness of the county of incorporation or any municipality within the meaning of any law whatsoever, unless

the county of incorporation or municipality shall expressly obligate itself thereto.

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Section 14. An authority shall not be liable for damages for injury done to any person or corporation, unless the injury was done due to the negligence of an agent, officer, or employee of the authority while engaged in work for the authority and while acting in the line and scope of his or her duty, or unless the injury was done due to the neglect, carelessness, or failure to remedy a defect in the streets, alleys, drainage systems, or buildings of the authority after the authority had been given notice of the defect or after the defect had existed for such an unreasonable length of time as to raise a presumption of knowledge of the defect on the part of the authority. Whenever an authority shall be made liable for damages by reason of the unauthorized or wrongful acts or negligence or carelessness of any person or corporation, then the person or corporation shall be liable to an action on the same account by the party so injured. No recovery may be had under any judgment, whether direct or by way of indemnity or otherwise, arising out of a single occurrence, against an authority, any officer, employee, or agent thereof, in excess of a total of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) per injured person up to a maximum of three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) per single occurrence, any other law notwithstanding. In no event shall an authority be liable for punitive damages.

Section 15. Members of the board of an authority shall not be subject to civil liability arising from the conduct of the affairs of an authority except when the act or omission of the member of the board amounts to willful or wanton misconduct, fraud, or gross negligence. An authority, its board, agents, and employees shall be entitled to all defenses available under the doctrines of substantive immunity and discretionary function immunity. It is the intent of this section to grant members of the board of an authority the full immunity provided noncompensated officers by Section 10-11-3, Code of Alabama 1975.

Section 16. No part of the net earnings of an authority remaining after payment of its expenses shall inure to the benefit of any private entity or person.

Section 17. An authority, by resolution legally adopted to conform to rules prescribed by the Board of Control of the State of Alabama Employees' Retirement System, may elect to have its officers and employees become eligible to participate in the State of Alabama Employees' Retirement System.

Section 18. The affairs and operations of an authority shall be supervised and monitored by an oversight committee. The committee shall be composed of all the members of the legislative delegation from the county of incorporation, as well as the members of the governing bodies of the county of incorporation and all municipalities whose corporate limits lie in whole or in part within the

operational area of the authority. The chair of the oversight committee shall be a member of the legislative delegation elected by the oversight committee. The oversight committee shall meet not less often than semiannually, and otherwise at the call of its chair or a majority of its membership. The approval of the oversight committee shall not be essential to the validity of any action taken by the board of directors of authority in the exercise of any of the powers granted an authority in this act. The oversight committee shall be dissolved upon the dissolution of the authority.

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Section 19. All conveyances to and from any predecessor entity of an authority, which entity has been or is ruled invalid by any Alabama court, before the effective date of this act, are approved, ratified, validated, and confirmed, and shall be deemed fully effective for all purposes according to the terms of the instruments of conveyance. As of the effective date of this act, all real property held of record in the name of any predecessor entity of an authority, which has been or is ruled invalid by any Alabama court, shall be transferred and conveyed to the authority, if the authority's operational area includes the location of the real property, and all personal property, both tangible and intangible, if any, held in the name of such predecessor entity shall likewise be transferred and conveyed to the authority. All conveyances and transfers of property pursuant to this section are subject to all terms, provisions, and conditions in contracts, agreements, and instruments

applicable to the property, and concerning the property and its use. All conveyances, transfers, instruments, and acts of any successor to the predecessor entity of an authority, pursuant to this section, are hereby approved, ratified, validated, and confirmed.

Section 20. (a) If it is determined that it is not possible for an authority to achieve all of the purposes for which the authority was formed, the authority may be dissolved by adoption by the board of a resolution that does all of the following:

- (1) Determines that it is not possible to achieve all of the purposes for which the authority was formed.
- (2) Determines that either all debts and obligations of the authority have been fully paid or extinguished or that adequate provision has been made for one or more successors to accept or assume all remaining debts and obligations of the authority, if any, pursuant to a plan of distribution provided for in its articles of incorporation.
 - (3) Recommends its dissolution.
- (b) If it is determined that an authority has achieved all the purposes for which the authority was formed, the authority shall be dissolved by adoption by the board of a resolution that does all of the following:
- (1) Determines that it has achieved all of the purposes for which the authority was formed.
- (2) Determines that either all debts and obligations of the authority have been fully paid or extinguished or that

- adequate provision has been made for one or more successors to accept or assume all remaining debts and obligations of the authority, if any, pursuant to a plan of distribution provided for in its articles of incorporation.
 - (3) Recommends its dissolution.

- (c) A dissolution under subsection (a) or (b) is only effective upon approval by the county of incorporation and all municipalities whose corporate limits lie in whole or in part within the operational area of an authority.
- (d) Upon receiving the necessary approvals from the county of incorporation and all municipalities, the chair and secretary of the authority shall execute a certificate of dissolution reciting that resolutions have been adopted and that the authority has been dissolved. The certificate of dissolution shall be filed with the office of the judge of probate, who shall record the certificate in an appropriate book. In the event that the authority owns any assets or property at the time of dissolution, whether voluntary or involuntary, title to all its assets and property shall thereupon vest as provided in the articles.

Section 21. An authority, including, without limitation, its property, its income, the bonds and other securities issued by the authority, the interest applicable thereto, and the income therefrom, and all mortgages, indentures, and other instruments executed as security therefor, and all deeds and other documents delivered to or by the authority shall be exempt from all state and local

- taxation, except sales and use tax, but including, without limitation, any license or excise taxes imposed on the authority for the privilege of engaging in any of the activities in which the authority may engage. An authority shall not be obligated to pay any fees, taxes, or costs to the judge of probate in connection with the recording or filing of any deed or document. Except as provided in this section, nothing in this act shall be construed to:
 - (1) Exempt any person, individual, corporation, association, or entity from otherwise applicable state, county, and municipal taxes, including, without limitation, city and county ad valorem taxes and sales and use taxes.

(2) Limit or impair the taxing authority of the State of Alabama, the county of incorporation, or any municipality therein, including, without limitation, the application of existing taxes such as city and county sales and use taxes levied on retail sales within the authorized operational area of the authority, or any taxes that may be levied in the future.

Section 22. Subject to acceptance by an authority, the county of incorporation and any municipality therein may convey to an authority, with or without consideration, any real, personal, mixed, tangible, or intangible property or assets that comprised all or part of the property of a closed military installation.

Section 23. An authority shall be exempt from all general laws of the State of Alabama governing usury or

prescribing or limiting interest rates, including, without limitation, Chapter 8 of Title 8 of the Code of Alabama 1975, as amended or replaced.

Section 24. An authority and all contracts made by it shall comply with Sections 41-16-50 to 41-16-63, inclusive, Code of Alabama 1975, as amended or replaced, requiring competitive bids in connection with certain contracts.

Section 25. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, an authority shall not be subject to Article 3 of Chapter 15 of Title 9, Code of Alabama 1975, as amended or replaced, regardless of the prior ownership of any property or interest therein to be disposed of in any fashion by the authority.

Section 26. An authority shall be considered an awarding authority within the meaning of Title 39, Code of Alabama 1975, as amended or replaced, and shall comply with all public works bid laws and other requirements applicable to an awarding authority.

Section 27. An authority shall be subject to the Open Meetings Act at Chapter 24 of Title 36 of the Code of Alabama 1975, as amended or replaced, and all public records requirements of the state, including Title 12 of Chapter 36 of the Code of Alabama 1975, as amended or replaced.

Section 28. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this act, the members of an authority's board of directors, all employees, and any contracts entered into by an authority and any personnel hired for issuance of bonds by an authority

shall reflect the racial, gender, geographic, urban/rural, and 1 2 economic diversity of the state. Section 29. Act 2009-____, House Bill 590 of the 3 2009 Regular Session, is repealed upon the effective date of 4 this act. 5 Section 30. The provisions of this act are 6 7 severable. If any part of this act is declared invalid or unconstitutional, that declaration shall not affect the part 8 which remains. 9 10 Section 31. This act shall become effective 11 immediately following its passage and approval by the

Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.